

Table with advertising rates: One Square, Three Insertions, \$1.50; Each Continuation, 50; One Square, One Month, 3.00; One Square, Three Months, 5.00; One Square, Six Months, 8.00; One Square, One Year, 15.00; Ten Lines or less, constitute a Square. Yearly Advertisements by Special Contract.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION IN ADVANCE: For One Year, \$3.00; For Six Months, 1.75; For Three Months, 1.00. Orders for the Paper must be accompanied by the cash.

Spirit of Jefferson.

VOL. 22. CHARLESTOWN, VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, JUNE 21, 1870. NO. 42.

BALTIMORE CARDS.

Go to the best COLLEGE OF ACTUAL BUSINESS IN AMERICA. The Bryant, Stratton & Sadler SOUTHERN Business College.

SEVEN GOLD MEDALS. CHARLES M. STIEFF. At the different Fairs held in the South, in October and November, 1867, the best Piano, ever eight different New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Pianos.

Wm. Knabe & Co. Manufacturers of GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT Piano Fortes.

These instruments have been before the Public for nearly thirty years, and upon their excellence alone attained an unrivaled position.

Wm. Knabe & Co. Manufacturers of GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT Piano Fortes. No. 350 W. Baltimore St. near Eutaw, BALTIMORE, MD.

Cortlan & Co. Importers, Jobbers & Retailers of Plain White and Decorated FRENCH CHINA, DINNER DESERT AND TEA WARE.

C. O. WARE. French China, English Stone and C. C. Chamber Ware, Crystal and Pressed Glass TABLE CUTLERY, PLATED WARE, AND JAPANESE TEA TRAYS.

Fountain Hotel. (Formerly the National.) Camden Street, near Howard, BALTIMORE, MD.

Howard House. Howard Street, near Baltimore Street, BALTIMORE, MD. DANIEL WILE & SON, Proprietors.

A. J. BRAND, JR. & CO. WHOLESALE DEALERS IN TEAS, AND Commission Merchants.

Virginia Hotel. FRAZIER & SALE. (Late of Rockbridge Alum Springs.) PROPRIETORS.

American Hotel. HARRISONBURG, VA. This well-known Hotel has been entirely renovated, and the new Proprietors promise that guests shall receive every comfort.

REMOVAL. THE undersigned, proprietor of the MARBLE HOTEL, in Darksville, has taken charge of THE FARNSWORTH HOUSE.

ENTLER HOTEL. SHEPHERDSTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA. J. P. A. ENTLER, Proprietor.

BARBER SALON. WHEN you wish a pleasant shave, call on me at my Salon.

HERRING. Potomac and North Carolina Herring, and Mackerel, at No. 24, June 7, 1870. THUSSELL & LUCAS.

Spirit of Jefferson.

DALGARY & HAINES, Publishers. CHARLESTOWN, VA. Tuesday Morning, June 21, 1870.

Negro Suffrage in this State. How the People Were Cheated by the Radicals.

Two years ago the campaign commenced in West Virginia which resulted in placing the ballot in the hands of the blacks. Through the whole of that campaign the Republican leaders sedulously and loudly proclaimed their opposition to negro suffrage.

From the severity with which the people held to account the authors of the negro suffrage fraud, it is clear that they are now prepared to act more vigorously than ever before in opposition to the further disfranchisement of their own race.

New York Democracy. The Democrats of New York seem to be arousing themselves from the stupor which has so long held them in its embrace.

COMMISSION BUSINESS. JOHN G. RIDENOUR has this day withdrawn from the firm of Hough, Ridenour & Langdon.

JAMES FITZGERALD, No. 51 North Gay Street, BALTIMORE, MD. MANUFACTURER OF Looking Glass & Picture Frames.

REMINDER OF THE WAR. In his Jail Journal John Mitchell writes of bellum days (1862) in Richmond.

REMARKABLE BREAK OF NATURE. The Perry County (Pa.) Democrat says: "On Sunday morning, 22d of May, the wife of Mr. Samuel McConnell, of Toboyne township, died."

DISCOVERY OF HISTORICAL DOCUMENTS. On Saturday afternoon Lieut. Johnson, of the Second Police Precinct of Washington, found a tin box, nearly a foot square, in the bushes in the country, outside the city limits.

HARD ON COUNTERFEITERS. The Treasury Department is now trying a plan that is expected to render counterfeiting the currency almost impossible.

THE Buried Treasure and Archives of the Confederacy. The Theta Delta Chi fraternity, which met at the Astor House, New York, in February last, listened to an oration by Wm. L. Stone.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. JACOBSON, MISS, March 26, 1870. To his Excellency Gov. J. L. ALCORN.

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POETICAL.

THEY WILL BE DONE. Searcher of Hearts!—from mine eyes All thoughts that should not be, And in its deep recesses trace My gratitude to Thee!

MISCELLANEOUS. Presence of Mind. Presence of mind is the popular term to express the mental equilibrium.

AN EMANCIPATED SLAVE'S GRATITUDE. Governor Alcorn, of Mississippi, recently appointed W. G. Henderson to a judgeship.

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LOVE FOR THE DEAD.

The grave is the ordeal of true affection.—It is there that the divine passion of the soul manifests its superiority to the instinctive impulse of mere animal attachment.

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THE SOWING MACHINE.

The Widow Wentworth lived very much at her ease on the old "Wentworth place," bequeathed unconditionally to her by her affectionate husband, now deceased for ten years past.

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TO CONSUMPTIVES EVERYWHERE.

A correspondent of a Georgia paper writes as follows: "Having seen much suffering from consumption and knowing thousands of dollars are yearly spent in vain in traveling for their health, and on medicines and physicians, we propose a simple recipe by which patients may become their own physicians, and if not too far gone, will guarantee a perfect cure if made and regularly taken according to direction."

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Spirit of Jefferson. DILGARD & HAINES, Publishers. CHARLESTON, S. C. Tuesday Morning, June 21, 1870. DEMOCRATIC & CONSERVATIVE State Ticket. FOR GOVERNOR, JOHN J. JACOB, of Hampshire County. FOR SUPREME JUDGE, C. P. T. MOORE, of Mason County. FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL, E. A. BENNETT, of Marion County. FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL, JOSEPH SPRIGG, of Hardy County. FOR TREASURER, JNO. S. BURDETT, of Kanawha County. FOR SECRETARY OF STATE, JOHN M. PHELPS, of Mason County.

THE CHARLESTON PLATFORM. There is a great deal in a name, politically considered, whatever may be the case in reference to less important affairs. We thought, before the Convention at Charleston assembled, and still think, that the very wide scope so long abused. For that reason we have moved to amend the preamble by inserting the words "the Conservative-Democratic party" in place of the words now used—"the Democratic and Conservative citizens of West Virginia." We should desire some name to express a solid organization, neither sectional in its aims, nor provincial in its affiliations, but representing an integral branch of a party over the whole republic, organized for the purpose, and desperately bent upon putting down the Radical faction. Such a general organization is now the necessity of the hour, and the various States should act in concert. It will not do to set upon one theory of public policy in the Southern, and a different one in the Northern States. The policy must be uniform. That the Fifteenth Amendment is not legitimately a part of the Constitution of the United States, we think the party everywhere may concur in declaring. But how is the question to be tested? The platform before us is silent on this subject, and perhaps wisely, for the reasons already stated. So in regard to the odious law passed to enforce this amendment, there should be some national and concerted action in regard to meeting it. For ourselves, we have already in advance taken our position that the Amendment should be acquiesced in until declared no part of the Constitution by the proper legal tribunals. The platform is sufficiently emphatic in its denunciation of Sumner's Social Equality bill, and the mingling of races in the public schools. We do not deny that the State owes an education to all children unable to be privately educated, and this without regard to color or race. This very fact renders it more necessary to keep the public schools separate, otherwise the State must not only countenance, but coerce amalgamation. If the public schools are for White and Black in common, it follows that the State must exercise an indiscriminate mingling of the races at an age when reason is inabundant, and easibility, susceptibility, and passion are in the ascendant. Amalgamation, under this system, becomes inevitable. Not voluntary, but coerced amalgamation. The wealthy may in some degree protect themselves by sending to private schools. But the poor must yield the question of their unimpaired White blood. We have brought home to us, therefore, in this school subject, the question whether amalgamation is an evil to be deprecated? All who support the Radical ticket vote in favor of Amalgamation. The positions of the platform, in regard to equalizing the burdens of taxation between labor and capital, enfranchising those prescribed for their political opinions, and forever abolishing all test-oaths, as relics of former barbarism, must, we think, commend themselves to all true patriots in the State. The Radical party cannot evade or escape the issues here presented, and are destined, we believe, to overwhelming defeat. We admire the spirit of liberality and harmony pervading the proceedings of the Convention, and cordially commend the nominations to public confidence.

OUR NEW RAILROAD. The Engineer corps of the Potomac division of the Shenandoah Valley Railroad, under Mr. McElroy, returned to Charleston on the 8.30 P. M. train Thursday night, having completed the location between this place and Hagerstown. The party Friday morning started on the line in the direction of Berryville and reached Bull Run Sunday, 4 miles South of Charleston, Saturday evening. When the project of a railroad from this point to Hagerstown was first agitated, the early completion of the Western Maryland Railroad was doubtful, but is now made certain by the aid given it from Baltimore city. The Cumberland Valley Company at that time were extending their road to Powell's Bend on the Potomac, with a view of crossing the river to Martinsburg, or via Charleston through the Luray Valley. That Company have recently determined to extend their road to Martinsburg, which makes it no longer desirable that our road connect with the Cumberland Valley Railroad this side of Hagerstown, but rather seek a connection with the Western Maryland—the independent road to Baltimore. With this in view, several lines direct to Hagerstown have been run, which have shown satisfactorily the practicability of the route. The Engineers report the utmost enthusiasm among the people along the line, who are getting more fully to understand the origin and object of our road, and awakening to the importance of its early success. The work of the location to Front Royal will be pushed along as rapidly as possible, after which the work of construction will be entered upon at no distant day.

FACTS FOR TAX PAYERS. Mr. Dawes, Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, and, therefore, posted on all such matters, said lately in debate, that "the United States navy, which consisted of only 8,500 men, cost \$28,205,671; while the estimate of the British navy last year, which consisted of 63,000 men, was only \$49,000,000. Every vessel in the United States navy cost an average annually of \$138,944, and in the British navy \$69,000. Every ton in the tonnage of the United States navy cost \$151.10 per annum, and in the British navy \$72.60. To keep the American navy afloat—to keep it in repair—cost \$600 a man, while the British navy cost but \$60 a man to keep it up to the standard. The United States Navy Department had estimated for \$6,975,000 for repairs, while the estimate of the British navy for the year ending March 31, 1870, for new machinery and repairs, was but \$3,000,740." And following up the same line of remarks, Mr. Logan, Chairman of the Military Committee, said that "there were in the United States navy 1,409 officers and but 8,500 men—one officer to every six men, and a fraction over. The pay of the navy was a little over \$7,000,000, and of that over \$5,000,000 was paid to officers. There were on the active list of the navy 759 officers at sea, and on shore 650. Why should this swarm of officers be kept without any necessity for them?" And further, "that there were now in the Treasury Department sixteen hundred employees more than were authorized by law, and six hundred more than were employed last year." Such is the "economical" and "honest" administration of Gen. Grant, which has been so much lauded by the Republican newspapers.

A WORD TO REGISTRARS. The attention of the Registrars of Jefferson county is called to the 19th and 20th sections of the bill for the enforcement of the Fifteenth Amendment, and they are hereby warned that the law there laid down will be rigidly enforced. The Democratic Conservative Party of this county mean to see that this law is as equally enforced in regard to loyal white men as it is in regard to negroes and scoundrels. Read and ponder those sections, and beware of the penalty!

Brigg Pomeroy for Congress. Mr. Mark M. Pomeroy addressed the citizens of the Fifth Congressional District last evening at Brooks's Assembly Rooms, No. 261 Broome street. The room was small and filled with a miscellaneous crowd. Timothy Waters presided, and introduced Mr. Pomeroy, who was roundly applauded. He commenced by avowing his friendship for the interests of the laboring-man against the most corrupt, cowardly, infamous aristocracy that ever sat in the halls of legislation. He had come to New York to establish a consistently Democratic newspaper, which could not be bought for a price, and which would defend the workmen against the influences of Wall street, and against the accused, infamous thraldom of the aristocracy. His sympathies were with them and those who are taxed by an infamous, corrupt, oppressive, tyrannical, despotic Government, for the benefit of the aristocracy, the Belmonts, and the Jay Coopers, and all that class who rode in carriages at the expense of the community. He was in favor of taxing United States bonds. He was not an aspirant for office, and thought it better for him to be an editor than to sit in the halls of legislation. He thought it more an honor to be Five Points thief than a member of Congress under the pay of a Radical, corrupt, infamous administration, but he was ready to represent them if they wished to send him there. He was not fitted for Congress, he said, never having run a faro-bank in his life. He had no promises to make other than that he would advocate Democratic principles in a red-hot manner. Some were afraid that he might be too outspoken, that he might make a disturbance or say something which might consign him to Fort Lafayette or some other bastille, or that he might say something prejudicial to the interests of Mr. Belmont. He would be Democratic, however, whether in the halls of Congress or in the ranks of a revolution helping the people fight to regain their lost liberties. He spoke further, and at some length, congratulating his hearers on the last victory, and then retired.

Mr. Glover then nominated Mr. Pomeroy as a candidate for Congress, subject to the action of the Congressional Convention, which was carried by acclamation amid much enthusiasm.—N. Y. Standard June 17th. A day or two ago we received a notice from the post-master at Washington, to the effect that our paper addressed to the Saturday Evening Visitor, was not taken out—reason, "Dead." This paper supported Sayles J. Bowen, the late extreme Radical candidate for Mayor of that city, and it seems did not long survive the political death of its leader. This is harsh Radicalism. A little over ten years ago, when Democrats ruled the country, the expenditures of the government were not quite sixty-four millions a year. This was in time of peace. At present, under Radical negro rule, also at peace with the rest of the world, the cost is about three hundred and twenty-two millions, or over five times as great. Will the tolling millions wonder any longer why they are taxed for everything?

A Railroad Train Runs Into a Band of Indians.—Sate Lake, June 18.—A gentleman just returned from Omaha reports the following: On Wednesday, the 15th inst., as the railroad train approached the Platte river, the engineer discovered a band of about three hundred mounted Indians crossing the track. As the train neared the Indians they began to yell. The engineer, supposing they were about to attack the train, put on more steam and dashed through the crowd, killing thirteen Indians and as many ponies.

The Baltimore Episcopal Methodist announces that Dr. A. T. Bledsoe, of the Southern Review, has become a co-editor of the Methodist. It also states that the Southern Review has been adopted as the Quarterly of the Methodist Church South, Dr. Bledsoe remaining its editor.

Democratic Conservative Platform. The Democratic and Conservative citizens of West Virginia, desiring to aid in preserving the government and in promoting the best interests of the State and country, present to the voters of the State the following declaration of principles and invite their cooperation in giving them effect: 1st. That the Federal Government has no right to deny to States of this Union the privilege of equal participation in its affairs, and that all distinction against the equal representation of States in Congress, and all Federal interference in the purely domestic concerns of the States, is unwarranted by the Federal Constitution and ought to cease. 2d. That the present system of taxation, raising, as it does, the bulk of the Federal revenue from the laborer rather than from the wealth of the country, is unfair and oppressive, and that this system should be reformed as to relieve the industry of the country from its unjust burdens, abolish its unnecessary and vexatious features of stamp, license and income taxes, dispense with the swarms of Federal spies, that pry into the private business of the people, eating out their substance, and provide for the collection of the Federal revenue by State and county officers. 3d. That the Republican party by voting to ratify the Fifteenth Amendment of the Constitution, has shamefully violated its pledges, and that the question of suffrage should be retained within the control of the people of the States. Calling to political power an alien and inferior race, and placing the white man incapable of self-government. In opposition to this monstrous doctrine we invite all intelligent white men to unite with us in asserting the principle that the white race is the ruling-race of this republic. 4th. That the bill to enforce the Fifteenth Amendment lately passed by Congress is corrupting to public morals in that it offers a bribe for every subservient of the States in that it gives Federal authority control of State affairs, and destructive of the peace of the country in that it invests the negroes with exclusive and peculiar privileges, lifting them to power and dignity through the degradation of the whites. 5th. That we are unalterably opposed to the bill lately introduced into the United States Congress by Senator Sumner for enforcing the social equality of the races, placing negroes upon juries and abolishing all distinctions between the races. 6th. That for the advancement of West Virginia in all her interests and especially to secure good government to her people, we demand: That thorough reform in our system of local offices and the greatest reduction in the number of such offices that may be consistent with the public interests. Prompt collection of the large balances in favor of the State, which, through Republican inefficiency, have accumulated in the hands of delinquent sheriffs, such faithful officers of the State finances, as will prevent further deterioration of the revenue and secure economy, if appropriation as will secure the administration of Government, at the least cost to the taxpayers of the State. A public policy that will invite immigration, capital and enterprise into our State, in lieu of the meagerness of the dominant party, that have driven these elements of growth and greatness from our State. The continued exclusion of negroes from the public schools, attended by white children. In opposition to the Radical policy of mingling the races in these institutions, and of destroying our educational system, for the benefit of the blacks. Full protection, to the people, against the outrages provided for by the registration law, and constantly committed by registration officers. The prompt abolition of every test oath upon the statute books of the State. And finally, to wipe out the injustice and the disgrace incident to the disfranchisement of our most worthy and distinguished men of our own race, while negroes exercise the elective franchise without hindrance or condition, we demand a free ballot for white men and the immediate enactment of such measures as will secure it. We cordially invite all good citizens, whether Democrats, Conservatives or Republicans, to unite with us in carrying out the policy here advocated.

Death of Charles Dickens. The Atlantic telegraph announces the startling intelligence of the sudden death of the great novelist, Charles Dickens, who died of paralysis on Thursday evening last. No present intelligence has been received of his illness, though it appears from the dispatches that he had been somewhat indisposed for a week. The death of no literary man of this era will excite more sincere regret and elicit a larger and deeper sympathy than that of Mr. Dickens. His name is a household word wherever the English language is spoken, or the beauties of wit and eloquence, graphic and varied fiction are appreciated. Mr. Dickens was born at Portsmouth, England, February 7, 1812, and has consequently died in the fifty-ninth year of his age. He was originally intended by his father for the legal profession, and was placed in an attorney's office for that purpose, but soon manifesting a taste for literature, which he seems to have inherited from his father, became a newspaper critic and reporter upon the London journals, and gradually developed, under the nom de plume of "Boz," through a series of sketches displaying remarkable humor and observation, into a literary celebrity. [Baltimore Sun.]

CONVICTS SHOT AND ARRESTED.—On Tuesday last, five colored convicts in the employ of Capt. C. R. Mason—working on the Railroad near Millboro, Bath county—attempted to make their escape, when the guard, his gun being loaded with buckshot, fired upon them, killing one and wounding two. The other two escaped. On Thursday night, the stable door of Mr. A. S. Sprunt, near Middlebrook, was broken open by a convict, whose horse was taken out. He found his horse near Arbor Hill, and in the same neighborhood two negroes, who failed to give any satisfactory account of themselves, were arrested on suspicion of being the parties who had stolen the horse and were taken before an officer at Middlebrook, but were released for want of evidence against them on that day. Supposing they were the two convicts who had succeeded in making their escape from Millboro, at the instance of Capt. C. R. Mason Jacob T. Parent, Chief of Police of Staunton, started to that neighborhood to re-arrest them. On his way thither, he found and arrested them. They were brought to this place, and being the convicts, as was suspected, were taken to the jail to be held on the Railroad at Millboro on Friday. [Staunton Spectator.]

A SENSATION IN THE FOOD MARKET.—No such sensation has been created in the food market during the present century, as that occasioned by the introduction of the new diet of life (for so it may be justly called), known as SEA MOSS FARINE. It is difficult to tell the truth about this extraordinary article of diet without being suspected of exaggeration. Prepared from a marine plant, which grows spontaneously on the Irish coast, it is by all odds the cheapest source of sustenance ever offered to the masses; while the dishes prepared from it can be excelled, either in nutritive properties, or in flavor or odor, by nothing. The SEA MOSS FARINE CO., 53 Park Place, who own the patent under which it is manufactured, are doing a business in this new edible equal to that of the most extensive flouring establishments in the country, and are ever erecting new mills to supply the ever-increasing demand. From a 25c. package you can produce sixteen quarts of nutritious porridge, or six pounds of bread, or jelly, or light puddings. Invalids and convalescents find dishes made from it more delicious, digestible and restorative, than any delicacies of the same class derivable from ordinary sources.

Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy is no Patent Medicine humber gotten up to dupe the ignorant and credulous, nor is it represented as being "composed of rare and precious substances brought from the four corners of the earth, carried seven times across the Great Desert of Sahara on the backs of fourteen camels, and brought across the Atlantic Ocean on two ships." It is a simple, mild, soothing, pleasant Remedy—a perfect specific for Chronic Nasal Catarrh, "Cold in the Head," and kindred diseases. The proprietor, Dr. W. P. Pierce, M. D., of Buffalo, N. Y., offers a reward of \$500 for a case of Catarrh that he cannot cure. For sale by druggists. Sent by mail, post paid, for sixty cents. Address the proprietor as above.

2,000 FEET Window Glass, 1,000 lbs. Lewis' Lead, 100 gallons Lined Oil, 40 gallons Best Colored Turpentine, and various other articles, at the different colors, just arrived. W. S. MASON, June 21. We have opened our Soda Fountain for the sale and cooling beverage with all kinds of Syrups and just cream. W. S. MASON. JUST received, Hooff's Celebrated Malt Extract. Sold by W. S. MASON. COLOGNE of our own manufacture, pure and good, at 75c. per pint. W. S. MASON. BAY Rum, Hair Oil and all the most popular preparations of the day to be found at W. S. MASON'S. June 21. Toss your pains at the lowest cash price call at W. S. MASON'S. BABBITT'S Best Soap, just received and for sale by TRUSSELL & LUGAS. June 21. WHITE and Yellow Corn, for sale by JAS. LAW, HOOFF. June 21. IRON and Double Shovel Plows, for sale by JAS. LAW, HOOFF. June 21. JUST received the 4th Lot of Vinger's Bitters. W. S. MASON. June 21.

The Virginia Homestead Bill. The Virginia Homestead Bill, which had previously passed the Senate, finally passed the House on Wednesday, by a vote of 62 yeas to 29 nays. This provides for an exemption for every homestead or head of a family of real or personal estate, or both, to be selected by himself, whether heretofore or hereafter acquired, free from all debts, whether heretofore or hereafter contracted, with exception, however, in favor of any demand in the following six cases: For money due on the purchase of the property; for work done by a laborer or mechanic; for liabilities incurred as a public officer, or as officer of a court, or by an fiduciary, or attorney-at-law, for money collected; for taxes lawfully assessed after July 1, 1869; for rent hereafter accruing; or for fees of a public officer, or officer of a court hereafter accruing. 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POETICAL.

COUNTRY CHILDREN.

Little fresh violets,
Blossoms in the wood;
Sweetly illustrating
Innocent childhood;

Blue eyes and hazel eyes
Peep from the beeches,
Shaded by sun-dappled
Fronds among the beeches;

Out in the hill patch,
Seeking the berries—
Under the orchard trees;
Feasting on cherries;

Trampling the clover blooms
Down among the grasses,
No voice to hinder them;
Dear little innocents!

Dear little innocents!
Born in the wild wood;
Oh, that all little ones
Had such a childhood!

God's green breast over them,
God's green breast beneath them,
No sweater berries;
Could we bequeath them!

MISCELLANEOUS.

How Higgins Gently Broke the News.

"Yes, I remember that anecdote,"
The Sunday school superintendent said,
"of the old path in his voice and the old sad look in his eyes."

"I was about a simple creature named Higgins, that used to haul rock for old Malthy."
When the lamented Judge Bagley tripped and fell down the court-house stairs and broke his neck, it was a great question how to break the news to poor Mrs. Bagley.

But finally the body was put into Higgins' wagon and he was instructed to take it to Mrs. B. but to be very guarded and discreet in his language, and not to break the news to her at once, but to do it gradually and gently.

When Higgins got there with his sad freight he thought still Mrs. Bagley came to the door—
Then he said:
"Does the wider Bagley live here?"

"The widow Bagley? No sir!"
"Will she do, but have it your own way. Well, does Judge Bagley live here?"
"Yes, Judge Bagley lives here."

"I'll bet he don't. But never mind—it ain't for me to contradict. Is the Judge in?"
"No, not at present."

"I just expected as much. Because, you know—take hold of 'suhin, mum, for I'm a going to make a little communication, and I reckon maybe it'll jar you some. There's been a recent murther. I've got the old Judge carried up out here in the wagon—and when you see him you'll know, yourself, that an inquest is about the only thing that could be a comfort to him."

What Fanny Fern Used to Do.
The following is a bit Fanny Fern's experience:
"I used to believe in school friendship—
That delusion ended when Arabella Triplet told mutual friends that I was years and years her senior, knowing what a terrible fib she told."

I used to suffer pangs of anger because of woes of beggars. Since then I have seen one unstrap his mill for you some. There's a loaf of bread in the gutter, and I saw a gally who had all day been yelling, "Please assist the blind," carefully examining his collection of two-cent stamps by the light of a friendly apple-woman's candle.

I used to put the greatest faith in lovers' vows. Now, I do not believe a man means anything to a woman, unless it is something disagreeable.
I used to believe in faithful servants—
Since then I have hired girls from intelligence offices, and lost all my handkerchiefs but one.

I used to believe in beauty. Since then I have seen a bewitching belle take off half her hair, all her teeth, the best of her complexion, two pounds of cotton batting and a corset."

WHAT ONE OUGHT TO KNOW—Ruskin says: An educated man ought to know three things; first, where he is—that is to say, what kind of a world he has got into; how large it is; what kind of creatures live in it; and how; what it is made of, and what may be made of it. Secondly, where he is going—that is to say, what needs or reports there are of any other world beside this; what seems to be the nature of the other world; and what he will do to get ready to go to it. Thirdly, what he has to do under the circumstances; what are the present state and wants of mankind; what are the readiest means in his power of attaining happiness and diffusing it. The man who knows these things, and has his will so subdued that he is ready to do what he knows he ought to, is an educated man; and the man who knows them not, is uneducated, although he could talk all the tongues of babel.

A midshipman asked a priest to tell him the difference between a priest and a jackass. The priest gave it up.
"Ours wears a cross on his back, and the other on his breast," said the midshipman.
"Now," said the priest, "tell me the difference between a midshipman and a jackass."
The midshipman gave it up, and asked what it was. The priest said he did not know of any.

A Detroit negro prisoner, on his way to the penitentiary for larceny, was asked what he thought of his trial. He said: "When that lawyer doted me make his speech, I thought I was going to take my eye out and walk right out of that courtroom; but when that lawyer got up and commenced talking, I knew I was do biggest rascal on top of me earf."

Sir Walter Scott, meeting an Irish beggar in the street, who inquired him for a sixpence, the great unknown not having one gave him a shilling, adding, with a laugh, "Mind now, sir, you are sixpence." "Och, sure enough," said the beggar, "and God grant your life till I pay you!"

The following is said to be an infallible recipe to obtain a good night's sleep—
Sprinkle the entire length of the spine in bed water ten or fifteen minutes; this will reduce the circulation, quiet the nervous system, and induce sleep much better than any drug.

No affection, save friendship, has any sure eternity in it. Friendship ought, therefore, always to be cultivated in love itself, as its only certain guard and preservative.

Never confide in a young man, —new pals look. Never tell your secret to the aged, —old doors seldom shut closely.

"If you beat me, I'll call out the soldiers, as the drum said."

MEDICINAL.

TO PHYSICIANS.

New York, August 15th, 1868.
Allow me to call your attention to my PREPARATION OF COMPOUND EXTRACT BUCHU.

The component parts are BUCHU, LONG LEAF, CUBEB, JUNIPER BERRIES.

Mode of Preparation.
Buchu, in vacuo. Juniper Berries, by distillation, form a fine oil. Cubeb extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use.

Buchu, as prepared by Dragatzi, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of a fine essential oil, the principle of the color of its ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates; the smallest quantity of the other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation upon inspection. It will be found not to be a tincture, as made in Pharmacopoeia, nor is it a Syrup; and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exist. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.

Expect that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation. With a feeling of confidence, I am, very respectfully,

R. T. HELMBOLD,
Chemist and Druggist,
16 Years' Experience.

FROM THE LARGEST MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS IN THE WORLD.

I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. HELMBOLD, who occupies the Drug Store opposite my residence, and is successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise.

WILLIAM WEIGHTMAN,
Firm of Hewers & Weightman,
Manufacturing Chemists,
Ninth and Brown streets, Philadelphia.

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AGRICULTURAL AND HARDWARE.

JAS. LAW, FLOOR DEALER IN Agricultural Implements, FOREIGN & DOMESTIC HARDWARE, SEEDS, FERTILIZERS, &c., CHARLESTOWN, W. VA.

MY AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.
Consists of:
Cider Mills, Horse Hay Rakes, Ploughs, Bera Grindstones, Pumps of all kinds, Corn Shellers, Wheel Fans, Dirt Scoops, Churns, Cradles, Scythes, Axes, Forks, Spades and Rakes.

WOOD'S REAPER AND MOWER.
Separate or combined, with Self-Cut. (These machines are the best in use. Agent for Clarke and Jefferson.)

SWEEPER'S THRESHING MACHINE, SEPARATOR AND HORSE POWER.
Also, the NATIONAL HOESER, and other HAY AND FODDER CUTTERS.

THE WILLOUGHBY GUM SPRING DRILL.
Agent for Clarke and Jefferson.
Cider Mills, Horse Hay Rakes, Ploughs, Bera Grindstones, Pumps of all kinds, Corn Shellers, Wheel Fans, Dirt Scoops, Churns, Cradles, Scythes, Axes, Forks, Spades and Rakes.

IMPORTED AND AMERICAN CUTLERY.
A complete stock of Table and Pocket Knives, Forks, Spoons, Tea and Coffee Spoons, and other articles of Cutlery, at the lowest prices.

MY HARDWARE DEPARTMENT.
Consists of Iron, Steel, Horse and Mule Shoes, Horse Nails, Blacksmith's Supplies and Tools, such as Anvils, Bellows, Vices, &c.

JOHN W. McCURDY & DUKE,
DEALERS IN Foreign and Domestic Hardware, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY, STOVES, FERTILIZERS, SEEDS, &c.
Charlestown, Jefferson County, W. Va.

OUR AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.
Consists of the best assortment of Implements and Machines of all kinds. We are Agents for McCormick's Spring Reaper & Mower, Green's Wheel Fan and Separator, and other articles of Cutlery, at the lowest prices.

AGENTS WANTED.
To Distribute Packages of Stone and Gypsum.
We have purchased the right and title of Manufacture of Stone and Gypsum, and are now offering it to the public at a very low price. Persons desiring to purchase, or to act as Agents, should apply to the undersigned, or to any of our Agents.

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MECHANICAL.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.
CARPENTERS, FARMERS, MERCHANTS, EVERYBODY.

INTENDING TO BUILD OR REMODEL.
Can save time and money by leaving or sending their plans for.

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, BRACKETS, CORNIC, FENCING, CEILING, PALINGS, FLOORING, MOULDINGS, MANTELS, &c.

DRESSED AND UNDRESSED LUMBER OF ALL KINDS, &c., TO THE

Charlestown Steam Saw and Planing Mill.

TERMS, REASONABLE.

DAVID H. COCKRILL & SON, ARCHITECTS & BUILDERS, CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA.

OUR experience in the business which we advertise is a sufficient guarantee to the public that we will do all in our power to give satisfaction in every particular.

JEFFERSON COACH FACTORY, CHARLESTOWN, W. VA.

THE undersigned are prepared, at their establishment in Charlestown, to manufacture and repair all kinds of Carriages, Rockwags, Buggies, Phaetons, Sulkeys, Spring Wagons, &c.

COACH MAKING.
The undersigned having leased the COACH FACTORY OF MAJ. HAWKS, in Charlestown, are prepared to MAKE TO ORDER or REPAIR every description of

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, ROCKWAGS AND LIGHT WAGONS, in the best manner, of Superior Materials, and in the newest and most approved styles.

HANDSOME CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &c.
Every article warranted to be as recommended. OLD CARRIAGES taken in exchange for NEW.

BLACKSMITHS & WAGON MAKERS, Zoar Church, Jefferson Co., W. Va.

THE undersigned, having recently purchased and fitted up the well known Lambert property, near Zoar Church, are prepared to execute every description of

SPRING AND SUMMER CAMPAIGN! HOUSE BUILDING, &c.

I HAVE an efficient Corps of Workmen, and am prepared to construct Houses, and to execute all work pertaining to the Carpentering Business, in the best manner, of the best materials, and at a moderate price.

JOHN N. WHITTINGTON, House Painter, Glazier & Paper Hanger, CHARLESTOWN, VA.

ANNOUNCES to the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity, that he has recently purchased the right and title of Manufacture of Stone and Gypsum, and are now offering it to the public at a very low price.

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THE GREAT MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS.
Hundreds of Thousands bear testimony to their wonderful Curative Effects.

WHAT ARE THEY?
Bile, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Catarrh of the Bladder, Hemorrhoids, Constipation, &c.

FOR INFANTILY AND CHRONIC DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUSNESS, AND INDIGESTION, BILE, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, HEADACHE, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, DROPSY, CATARRH OF THE BLADDER, HEMORRHOIDS, CONSTIPATION, &c.

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PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

ROOKE & KENNEDY, Attorneys at Law, Charlestown, Jefferson County, W. Va.

E. WILLIS WILSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, HARPER'S FERRY, JEFFERSON CO., WEST VIRGINIA.

WHITE & TRAPP, Attorneys at Law, Charlestown, W. Va.

GREEN & LUCAS, Attorneys at Law, Charlestown, W. Va.

WM. H. TRAVES, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Charlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia.

G. M. BELTZHOVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, SHEPHERDSTOWN, W. VA.

JOHN REED, JR., Attorney at Law, Charlestown, Jefferson County, W. Va.

DENTAL NOTICE, DR. McCORMICK will visit Charlestown, West Virginia, on the 22nd of August, 1868.

DENTAL NOTICE, DR. J. F. HARTGROVE, Mechanical and Operative Dentist, Charlestown, W. Va.

OH! I SEE! BOOT, SHOE & CLOTHING HOUSE, New Goods, New Styles, and Prices Cheaper than ever!

OH! I SEE! Ladies' Lasting Buttoned Boots, from \$2.25 to \$7.00.

OH! I SEE! GENTS' BOOTS AND SHOES, Gent's Fine Stitched Call Boots, from \$5.00 to \$10.00.

OH! I SEE! MILLER & SMITH, DEALERS IN STOVES, TIN & SHEET-IRON WARE, CHARLESTOWN, W. VA.

OH! I SEE! NEW BAR AND LUNCH ROOMS, I RESPECTFULLY beg leave to inform my friends and acquaintances that I have just opened a NEW HOUSE on the Old Market House Square.

OH! I SEE! WINE, WHISKIES, BRANDIES, &c., Consisting in part as follows:
Hines' Sherry Port, Madeira, Catawba, Claret, Johannisberger, Champagne, &c.

OH! I SEE! HARVEST WHISKEY, Market House Square—Bar in back Room, May 31, 1870.

OH! I SEE! NEW GOODS, WE have just received our Spring Stock of Goods—many of which are lower priced than we have ever seen them.

OH! I SEE! WAGON-MAKING AND REPAIRING, THE undersigned having rented the Shop adjoining the Blacksmith Shop of Mr. Hiram O'Brian in Charlestown, is prepared to make and repair Grain Cradles.

OH! I SEE! WANTED TO EXCHANGE, MY STORE-HOUSE, STOCK OF GOODS, and Business which has been successfully conducted for years, in Boonsboro, Washington County, Maryland, for a small FARM, well improved, in the Valley of Virginia.

OH! I SEE! TAYLOR'S PAT. MOUSTACHE GUARD, THIS is a very simple little arrangement to attach to your Coffee Cup or other Drinking Vessel, and prevent the hair from coming in contact with the moustache.

OH! I SEE! AMERICAN SEWING MACHINE CO., Capital Stock \$250,000.00.

OH! I SEE! TINNING ESTABLISHMENT, HAVING purchased a